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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/693,699	10/27/2003	Farid Bruce Khalili	VER2226-002	2292
	7590 05/30/200 AW GROUP LLP	EXAMINER		
495 METRO PI	LACE SOUTH	SWIGER III, JAMES L		
	SUITE 210 DUBLIN, OH 43017			PAPER NUMBER
			3733	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/30/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/693,699	KHALILI, FARID BRUCE			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	JAMES L. SWIGER	3733			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Fermions</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the practic	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 58-63 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 58-63 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r.	the Eversiner			
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 11/21/2007 is/are: a) ☐ Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11. ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)	4) 🗖 Intensious Summers	(PTO 412)			
 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

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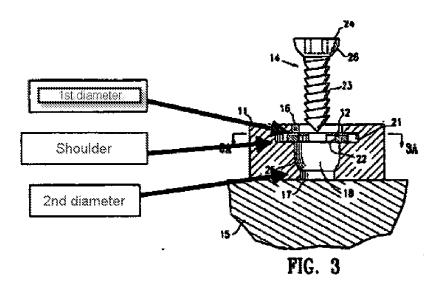
DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 58-63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Talaber et al. (US Patent 6,261,291) in view of Bono (US Patent 5,954,722). Talaber et al. disclose an orthopedic implant assembly comprising a screw retention member (11) having a bore formed therethrough (13) with a first and second diameters (see drawing below).



Talaber et al. also disclose a tapered retention seat (34) along an intermediate portion of the passageway, a split ring (22) that has inside and outdoor diameters that allows for

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expansion, that is also removably seated in the retention seat (21) that is capable of rotating engagement with the fastener (14) and being moved by the rotation of the fastener. Talaber et al. also disclose a fastener with a shaft (proximate to 23) and a head at one end, the head being generally spherical, and wherein the shaft is threaded for purchase of bone.

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Talaber et al. disclose the claimed device except for threads on the head of the fastener to separate the top and bottom portions. Bono disclose fasteners that have thread portions that separate a top and bottom portions (see also col. 3, lines 21-30). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the device of Talaber et al. having at least threads separating the top and bottom of the screw head in view of Bono to better secure the fastener with respect to the plate when inserting the implant into the body.

Talaber et al. disclose the claimed invention except for more specifically a split ring that is frustoconical be seated in the split ring or specifically, a 'monotonical' taper. With regards to the ring shape it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the split ring with a frustoconical shape or having a retention seat with a complimentary monotonical taper, since applicant has not disclosed that such solve any stated problem or is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for the purpose of providing having an improved interface between the ring, bone screw, and retention member to prevent backout of the screw for better fixation. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47 (1966).

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The combination of Talaber et al. and Bono further disclose the claimed method including the steps of providing the orthopedic implant having the claimed structure as in claim 58, providing the bone screw with interfaces with the structure of the implant device, and placing the implant to be inserted (see at least Figure. 1 in Talaber et al.) on bone. It would be inherent in the use of the claimed device to rotate the screws with respect to the implant structure as provided by the prior art.

Election/Restriction

After further consideration, applicant's amendments and arguments are persuasive and the election/restriction dated 2/6/2008 is vacated. The claims as represented in the amendment dated 6/7/2007 are in effect. Claim 63 is being considered in view of the vacated election/restriction.

Response to Arguments

With regards to applicant's arguments, it is first noted that the Warden et al. reference was removed from the rejection for the remaining combination, supra. In creating an orthopedic implant assembly, it is known in the art to create plate modifications to prevent back-out of the screws. In US Patent 5,067,956 to Buford, III et al., the screw has a tapered edge on the screw (12) that abuts with a 'monotonically' tapered edge on the inside of the plate (32) that prevents a fastener or bone screw from backing out (see Abstract). While this system, lacks a split ring to assist in this antibacking out process, the useage of tapers is known in the art. Thus, with regards to applicants arguments on 6/7/2007, it is noted that Talaber et al. '291 has a taper (18) and has a portion designed to catch a frustoconical split ring (upper portion of the

retention area, 22). Both areas are capable of retaining a split ring if compressed to some degree. In the spirit of the invention, as the screw moves through the retention member and split ring, the threads along the screw head aid in the flexing of the split ring to put the fastener through, as taught by. Bono has a bone screw with threads that, at least, are designed to fit through a retention member of some kind (16). In any case, it is held that the specific monotonic taper and complimentary frustoconical portions are obvious shape modifications that help to keep the screw in place after (1) installation via the threads, or so that the ring can better fit into the thread grooves on the screwhead.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See PTO-892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James L. Swiger whose telephone number is 571-272-5557. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 9:00am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on 571-272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/JAMES L SWIGER/
Examiner, Art Unit 3733
/Eduardo C. Robert/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3733